

Version number: 1

Replaces SDS: 2009-11-23

Issued: 2014-04-01

### Not for sale in the USA

### Section 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / **UNDERTAKING**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name STAINLESS STEEL FLUX CORED WIRES

(Afrox Coremax 308LP, Afrox Coremax 309LP, Afrox Coremax 316LP)

Article-no

Diameter (mm)	Packaging (kg)	Part Number
(mm)	(1.9)	Number
1,2	15	W081141
1,2	15	W081141
1,2	15	W081142
1,2	15	W081142
1,2	15	W081143
1,2	15	W081143
	(mm)  1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2	(mm) (kg)  1,2 15 1,2 15  1,2 15 1,2 15 1,2 15

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Article type FCAW Stainless steel flux cored wires Classification: AWS SFA A5.22

Use Flux cored arc welding

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Afrox

Street address 23 Webber Street, Selby

Johannesburg, 2001

South Africa

Telephone +27 (0) 11 490 0400

> Fax +27 (0) 860 020201

Email Customer.service@afrox.linde.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Available outside office hours

Emergency phone number 0860 02 02 02

Other



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Additional product information Web site: www.afrox.co.za

### Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (CE) 1271/2008 [CLP] applicable

2.2 Label elements

Not applicable

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This product contains: Nickel as classified as sensitising and limited evidence of carcinogenic effect. The form of this product does not contribute to a hazard classification of the product.

When the product is used in the welding process the most important hazards are:

Overexposure to fumes and gases from welding can be dangerous to health.

Watch out for splatter, hot metal and slag. It may cause skin burn and cause fire.

Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Electric shock can kill. Avoid touching live electrical parts.

### Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

This product is a mixture and please refer to Section 3.2

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Flux	Maximum %	CAS No.
Limestone and/or Calcium Carbonate	37	1317-65-3
Fluorides (as F)	5	7789-75-5
Manganese and its Inorganic compounds (as Mn)	10	7439-96-5 and others
Aluminium, metal and insoluble compounds	10	7429-90-5
Rutile/ Titanium oxide (total inhalable dust) (respirable dust)	30	13463-67-7
Nickel and its inorganic compounds (soluble, as Ni) (insoluble, as Ni)	20	7440-02-0
Molybdenum compounds (as Mo) (soluble compounds) (insoluble compounds)	15	7439-98-7



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Chromium III compounds 40 7440-47-3 Chromium VI compounds
Silica, crystalline, α – quartz 10 14808-60-7

### **Section 4. FIRST AND MEASURES**

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact** Burns should be treated by a doctor.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Burns from radiation, see doctor.

**Ingestion** Contact a doctor if more than an insignificant amount has been swallowed.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Inhalation** Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the respiratory system in very susceptible persons.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable



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### **Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2), powder or diffuse jet of water. In case of major fire: Extinguish fire

with diffuse jet of water or foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not applicable

5.3 Advice for fire fighters

Special protective equipment for

Wear self contained breathing apparatus

fire fighters

### Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General ventilation and local fume extraction must be adequate to keep fume concentrations within safe limits. Use respiratory equipment when welding in a confined space. Wear protective clothing and eye protection appropriate to arc welding. Skin contact should be avoided to prevent possible allergic reactions.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Not applicable

6.4 Reference to other sections

For *Personal protection* see section 8. For *Disposal* see section 13. For *Environmental precautions* see section 12. For *Precautions* for safe handling see 7.1.

### Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Preventive handling precautions** Ensure adequate ventilation for the welder and others. Use respiratory equipment when

welding in a confined space. Wear protective clothing and eye protection appropriate to arc

welding. Remove all flammable materials and liquids before welding.

General hygiene Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.



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### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store welding consumables inside a room without humidity. Do not store welding consumables directly on the ground or beside walls. Store away from chemical substances like acids which could cause chemical reactions.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Welding process.

### Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Flux	Maximum %	CAS No.	ES-TWA	ES-STEL
Limestone and/or Calcium Carbonate	37	1317-65-3	15 (Total dust) 5(Respirable fraction)	
Fluorides (as F)	5	7789-75-5	2.5	
Manganese and its Inorganic compounds (as Mn)	10	7439-96-5 and others	1	3
Aluminium, metal and insoluble compounds	10	7429-90-5	15 total dust 5 respirable fraction	
Rutile/ Titanium oxide (total inhalable dust)	30	13463-67-7	15 total dust	
Molybdenum compounds (as Mo) (soluble compounds) (insoluble compounds)	15	7439-98-7	5	
Chromium Chromium III compounds Chromium VI compounds	40	7440-47-3	0,5 0.005	
Silica, crystalline, α – quartz	10	14808-60-7		

### **Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance, colour	Grey
Appearance, physical state	Rod
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Auto-inflammability	Not auto-flammable
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Flammability (solid gas)	Not applicable



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Flash point Not applicable

Form Fast

Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable

range

Melting point / Freezing point Not applicable

**Odour** Odourless

Odour threshold Not applicable

Oxidising properties Not applicable

Partition coefficient: n-octanol / Not applicable

water

pH value Not applicable

Relative density Not applicable

Solubility Not applicable

Solubility in water Insoluble

Upper / lower flammability or Not applicable

explosive limits

Vapour density Not applicable

Vapour pressure Not applicable

Viscosity Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Not applicable

Other

**Density** 7.96g/cm<sup>3</sup>

### **Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity

Not applicable

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable at normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not applicable

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None under normal conditions



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### 10.5 Incompatible materials

### Not applicable

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Welding fumes and gases. Additional fume may arise from coatings and contaminants on the base material.

Welding fume component	CAS No.	Classification (67/548EEC)	CLP (1272/2008)		Concentration of classified fume components
Aluminium oxide (Al)	1344-28-1	-	-	-	1.8 to 1.2
Barium (Ba)	7440-39-3	-	-	-	≤0.1
Bismuth oxide (Bi)	12640-40-3	-	-	-	≤0.1
Calcium (Ca)	1305-78-8	-	-	-	0.1 to 11.6
Cobalt oxide (Co)	1307-96-6	R22: Harmful if swallowed R43: May cause sensitisation by contact	Acute tox 4 (oral) Skin sens. 1	H302 H317	≤0.1
Chromium III compounds (as Cr)	24613-89-6	R45: May cause cancer R35: Causes severe burns R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact	Carc. 1B Skin Corr. 1A Skin Sens. 1	H350 H314 H317	≤0.1
Copper oxide (Cu)	1317-38-0	-	-	-	≤0.1
Iron oxide (Fe)	1332-37-2	-	-	-	11.9 to 54.9
Potassium (K)	7440-09-7	R34: Causes burns	Skin Corr. 1B	H314	0.6 to 23.8
Lithium (Li)	7439-93-2	R34: Causes burns	Skin Corr. 1B	H314	0.1 to 0.8
Magnesium oxide (Mg)	1309-48-4	-	-	-	0.1 to 5.3
Manganese (Mn)	7439-96-5	-	-	-	0.7 to 8.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	7439-98-7	Molybdenum trioxide R36/37: Irritating to eyes and respiratory system R40: Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect	Molybdenum trioxide Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	H351 H319 H335	≤0.1
Sodium (Na)	7440-23-5	R34: Causes burns	Skin Corr. 1B	H314	0.5 to 8.7



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Nickel (Ni)	7440-02-0	R40: Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact R48/23: Toxic danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment	Carc. 2 Skin sens 1 STOT RE 1	H351 H317 H372	0.1 to 0.2
Lead (Pb)	7439-92-1	-	-	-	0.1 to 1.8
Silicon (Si)	7440-21-3	-	-	-	2.1 to 16.3
Titanium dioxide (Ti)	13463-67-7	-	-	-	0.1 to 3.2
Vanadium (V)	7440-62-2	-	-	-	≤0.1
Zinc (Zn)	7440-66-6	-	-	-	0.1 to 3.5
Fluoride (F-)	16984-48-8	-	-	-	0.1 to 21.4

Final Fume classification			
Classification	H phrase	Text	
Acute Toxicity (Inhal): Category 3	H331	Toxic if inhaled	
Acute Toxicity (Oral/Dermal): Category 4	H302/H312	Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin	
Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 1A	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	
Skin sensitisation: Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
Respiratory sensitisation: Category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled	



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Carcinogenicity: Category 1A	H350	May cause cancer
Mutagen: Category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2	H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility
Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Single exposure Category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Repeated exposure Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

The classification information above relates to the fume during use

Fume Analysis wt %			
Cr 3.2 to 8.6	Ni 0.1 to 0.2		
Ca 0.1 to 11.6	Na 0.5 to 8.7		
Fe 11.9 to 54.9	Si 2.1 to 16.3		
K 0.6 to 23.8	Ti 0.1 to 3.2		
Li 0.1 to 0.8			

### Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Conditions to avoid: none in the form supplied

When welding, fumes and gases generated can be dangerous to health.

Acute toxicology Excessive exposures may affect human health, as follows: Aspiration may cause pulmonary

oedema and pneumonitis Short-term overexposure can cause dizziness, nausea and irritation

of the nose, throat or eyes.

Irritation

Not applicable

Corrosive effects

Not applicable



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Sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Mutagenicity Not applicable

Carcinogenicity Welding fumes are possibly carcinogenic to humans

Repeated dose toxicity Not applicable Reproductive toxicity Not applicable

### Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

The welding process can effect the environment if fume is released directly into the atmosphere. Residues from welding consumables could degrade and accumulate into soils and ground water.

Acute fish toxicity LC50 Fish 96h:

Manganese: 2,91 mg/l

Aluminiumoxide: >100 mg/l Salmo trutta

Acute algae toxicity IC50 Algae 72h:

Manganese: 0,55 mg/l

Aluminiumoxide: >100 mg/l Selenastrum capricornatum (green algae)

Acute crustacean toxicity EC50 Daphnia 48h:

Manganese: 5,2 mg/l

Aluminiumoxide: >100 mg/l Daphnia magna (Water flea)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not applicable

12.3 Bio accumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF):

Iron: 140000

Manganese: 59052

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Not applicable

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects

Not applicable

### **Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**



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13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal considerations Dispose of any product, residue or packing material according to national and local

regulations. Spent ;fume extraction filters shall be disposed of as dangerous waste.

Other

Waste code (EWC) 12 01 13 - welding waste

### **Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 UN number

Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4 Packing group

Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

Other

Dangerous goods No

### **Section 15. REGUATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

**EU regulations** The product does not need to be labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective

national laws.

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits



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The Waste Regulations 2011 No. 988

Local laws and regulations should be carefully observed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable

### **Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

References to key literature and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, (REACH).

data sources Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Waste regulations 2011 No.988

C&L Inventory database

Annex VI CLP Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Phrase meaning H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H350 - May cause cancer.

Other

Manufacturer's notes Read this Safety Data Sheet carefully and become aware of hazards implied and the safety

information.

End of document